TRANSLATION PROCEDURES IN THE TRANSLATION OF ENGLISH ADVERBS OF MANNER(-LY) INTO INDONESIAN

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ABSTRACT

Both English and Indonesian have adverb of manner. This part of sentence is used to describe how an action occurred or to state how an action was taken. English adverbs of manner can be easily seen from the suffix –ly at the end of the word. In the other hand, Indonesian adverbs of manner are not only in the form of word but also prepositional phrase or clause. Data taken from an Indonesian version of English novel indicated that the English adverbs of manner are translated in various ways into Indonesian. Since there are lots of ways in translating the English adverbs of manner, this study was conducted to see the procedure used to translate the English adverbs of manner into Indonesian in the novel Breaking Dawn and its translation Awal yang Baru.

Keywords: Adverbs of Manner, Translation Procedures, Source Language (SL), Target Language (TL)

INTRODUCTION

In this globalization era, many people are trying to be able to master more than one foreign language. Language is the first tool in order to see the world and to be famous worldwide. It seems that being a foreign language teacher or a translator is a good choice. Observation and research on languages also need to be conducted. It is used to get the best equivalence of the source language to the target language. One of the interesting parts in English is adverbs of manner. Therefore, this study aimed at finding out the procedure of translation applied in the translation of English adverbs of manner (-ly) into Indonesian in the novel Beraking Dawn and Awal Yang Baru.
English adverbs of manner are often formed by adding -ly to adjectives and placed after the main verb or after the object. For example, great yields greatly, and beautiful yields beautifully. In Indonesia, an adverb of manner is called adverbia kecaraan. Alwiet all. (2008: 205) imply that adverb of manner is an adverb that describes the meaning related with how the event described by the adverb occurs for example: seenaknya, secepatnya, sepenuhnya, dengancepat, secarakambatortampa, etc. It becomes interesting how the strategies or procedures applied in the translation of English adverbs of manner (-ly) into Indonesian. It would be confusing as how they could be best translated into Indonesian.

According to Mailhac (2003), translation procedure is a means of translating a particular element of SL. He also states that a procedure is thus a tool to be exploited in order to solve a translation problem. To the extent that the properties of a tool are determined by its intended use, procedures are goal oriented and, being part of the translational output, they are visible e.g. one can see whether a culture-specific term has been borrowed, defined in a footnote, etc. in the translation (Mailhac, 2003).

In this study, translation procedure is defined as a means of translating a particular element of the Source Language (SL) into Target Language (TL). The particular element analyzed in this study is adverbs of manner (end with -ly) in English. In other words, the translation procedures being analyzed in this study are means or tool used by the translator to translate the English adverbs of manner into Indonesian. The translation procedures were analyzed through the data on both of the novels.

RESEARCH METHOD

The data in this study was taken from two novels. First, it is an English novel written by Stephenie Meyer (2008) entitled Breaking Dawn. The second novel is the Indonesian version of Breaking Dawn, Awal yang Baru translated by Monica DwiChresnayani (2009). The adverbs of manner collected here were only the adverbs of manner which end with –ly. Both of the novels consist of 39 chapters. There are 754 pages on the original novel and 864 pages on the Indonesian version.

The adverbs of manner in the SL novel were documented as well as their translation in TL novel. The results of the translation were grouped and analyzed based on its procedure of translation. The adverbs of manner in the SL and TL sentence were underlined and put side by side in a table. They were analyzed qualitatively using the theory of translation procedures by Vinay and Darbelnet (2000).

DISCUSSION

There were two kinds of translation strategies found: direct and oblique translations. In the direct translation strategy, there was only one translation procedure found. That was borrowing. Then, in the oblique translation strategy, there was also only one procedure found. That was transposition procedure. Hence, there were two translation procedures used to translate the English adverbs of manner into Indonesian. The procedures were transposition and borrowing. Transposition is part of the oblique translation strategy and borrowing is part
of the direct translation strategy. Those procedures were analysed from the English adverbs of manner (ending with -ly) and their translations in Indonesian. The different word ranks between SL and TL indicated that there was a transposition procedure. The English adverb of manner which its base word was taken directly for the result of translation in Indonesian was referred to as borrowing procedure.

Direct translation is used when structural and conceptual elements of the source language could be transposed into the target language. In the direct translation, there are three procedures of translation: Borrowing, Calque, and Literal Translation. Here, it was found that the translation of English adverbs of manner found in this study used borrowing procedure.

As stated previously, borrowing procedure is part of the direct translation strategies. It is used when structural and conceptual elements of the source language could be transposed into the target language. Here, borrowing procedure is when the source language word transferred directly to the target language, (Vinay and Darbelnet, 2000 in Munday, 2001: 56). In other words, it was a procedure when a word taken directly from another language.

From the data of this study, the translation of the English adverbs of manner (ending with -ly) into Indonesian depended on the meaning of the base word of the English adverbs of manner. More than half of the total adverbs of manner found in the novel were translated into words. Those words referred to the meaning of the base word of the adverbs of manner. Then, the other translations which were in the form of phrases consisted of preposition, and the meaning of the base word of the adverb of manner, e.g. quickly was derived from an adjective quick meaning cepat in Indonesian. As an adverb of manner, quickly could be translated into cepat or dengancepat. Due to this fact, several base words of the English adverbs of manner were taken directly as the translations into Indonesian. It was naturalized borrowing because only the base word of the English adverb of manner was taken as the translation in Indonesian.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SL</th>
<th>TL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Edward suddenly stiffened and turned automatically in the other direction, as if someone had called his name. (Page 57)</td>
<td>Tubuh Edward tiba-tiba tegang dan otomatis ia berbalik kearah lain, seolah-olah ada yang memanggil namanya. (Page 76)</td>
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<tr>
<td>“Why didn’t I think of that?” he muttered sarcastically. (Page 111)</td>
<td>“Mengapa itu tidak terpikirkan olehku?” gerutunya sarkastis. (Page 137)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Garret muttered mysteriously to himself and then chuckled once. (Page 680)</td>
<td>Gumam Garret misterius pada dirinya sendiri, kemudian terkekeh. (Page 778)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The word automatically was derived from an adjective automatic. Sequentially, sarcastically and mysteriously were derived from adjectives sarcastic and mysterious. Then, their translations became otomatis, sarkastis, and misterius. Even, there were small changes in the written form of the
borrowed words but the meanings were still the same.

In the data, the borrowed words were also added with preposition *dengan* or *secara*.

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<td>Maybe if we can satisfy it, we’ll be able to help her more <em>effectively.</em> <em>(Page 239)</em></td>
<td>Mungkin kalau kita bisa memuaskannya, kita akan bisa membantu Bella <em>dengan lebih efektif.</em> <em>(Page 283)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rather than wince away as her human thoughts wanted to, she let her <em>wolt-self react instinctively.</em> <em>(Page 314)</em></td>
<td>Alih-alih meringis seperti yang diinginkan pikiran manusianya, Leah membiarkan sosok srigalanya bereaksi secara <em>instingtif.</em> <em>(Page 366)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Though she doesn’t speak-yet-she communicates quite <em>effectively.</em> <em>(Page 429)</em></td>
<td>Walaupun tidak bias bicara-belum-tetapi dia bias berkomunikasi secara <em>efektif.</em> <em>(Page 497)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>So, a kind of victory there, too, considering that the volturi had never been <em>seriously challenged in millenia.</em> <em>(Page 652)</em></td>
<td>Jadi, itu sendiri sudah merupakan kemenangan tersendiri mengingat keluarga volturi tak pernah ditentang secara <em>serius</em> dalam satu abad terakhir. <em>(Page 745)</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The borrowed words on the data above were *efektif, instingtif,* and *serius.* They were explicitly translated as adverbs of manner due to the additions of preposition *dengan* and *secara.* Thus, whether they were translated into base word or prepositional phrase, two translation procedures were applied (transposition and borrowing procedure).

According to Vinay and Darbelnet *(2000)* in *Munday (2001),* in cases where literal translation is not possible, oblique translation strategy must be used. It is used when the structural or conceptual elements of the source language could not be directly translated without altering meaning or upsetting the grammatical and stylistic elements of the target language. There are four translation procedures in oblique translation: Transposition, Modulation, Reformulation or Equivalence, and Adaptation. In this study, there was only one procedure which belonged to oblique translation strategy. That was transposition.

Besides using borrowing procedure, there was also transposition procedure in the translation of the English adverbs of manner into Indonesian. Transposition is a change of one part of speech for another without changing the sense *(Munday, 2001:57).* There were words, phrases, and clauses in the result of the translation in Indonesian. Those grammatical units in Indonesian were used to modify the verb in the sentence.

There were changes of rank from the SL to TL. The changes of rank were from words (adverbs of manner) to phrases in TL. It also belonged to Vinay and Darbelnet’s transposition procedure of translation. There was a replacement of one grammatical form by another grammatical form. The example of this translation was the word *overtly* which was translated to a prepositional phrase *secaraterang-terangan.*
The present itself was not overtly threatening. (Page 531)

Hadiah itu sendiri tidak mengancam secara terang-terangan. (Page 612)

The last, the adverbs of manner in the SL were translated into clauses in Indonesian. The same as the above procedure of translation, this way of translation was also transposition procedure. Word as a unit of a sentence in SL was changed into clause in TL. Hence, there were changes of rank from SL to TL. The example of this translation was:

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<td>The present itself was not overtly threatening.</td>
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The word *mechanically* above was translated into a clause *suaranyaseperti robot*. The change of rank was from word (adverbs of manner) to clause in TL. It should be done because it was hard to find other equivalent of this word in the TL that appropriate to be put in the sentence. This was why the translator translated it into clause in order to reach the closest equivalent of this word in TL. Hence, the change of rank here (from words to clauses) was done to deal with the lexical gap by a grammatical structure between SL and TL. It could be concluded that the translations of the adverbs of manner in the novel *Breaking Dawn* (SL) to *Awal yang Baru* (TL) also used transposition procedure. It included the change of rank from the SL to the TL.

**CONCLUSION**

The translation procedures applied in the translation of the English adverbs of manner (ending with -ly) in the novel *Breaking Dawn* into Target Language *Awal yang Baru* were transposition and borrowing. There was transposition procedure of translation because there were changes of word rank from SL adverbs of manner into Indonesian (from word to phrases or from word to clauses). The second procedure is borrowing procedure. The base word of the SL adverb of manner is taken directly as its translation in Indonesian.

Each procedure has its own advantages that differ according to the texts under translation. It is up to the translator to choose the procedure which is more practical and helpful in the translation of the SL text. Besides, the translator could only use one procedure, or exceed it to two, three, or even four procedures in the same translated text. Therefore, it seems that there is a movement in the process of translation because the result of translation could be more, or less semantic and communicative.

**REFERENCE**


